April 17, 1752. THE Numb. 68.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Remarks on the Virginia *Pindar continued.*

OUR Author has with equal Juſtneſs and Modeſty ranked the *witty Turn* among thoſe *trifling Appendages of Poetry*, which Perſons of a refined and judicious Taſte *take little Notice of*, but which *are moſt agreeable to Perſons of a coarſe Reliſh*. (Pref. p. 7.) I am therefore grievouſly diſappointed not to find *one ſingle* Turn of this Kind in all his Writings. I can only account for ſo ſtrange a Phænomenon, on the Suppoſition of his being reſolved not to exhauſt the Treaſury of his Embelliſhments at once, and of his reſerving this Ornament in particular for the Benefit of ſome Performance hereafter to be publiſhed.

" We grant, although he has much Wit,
" He's very ſhy of uſing it
" As being loath to wear it out,
" And therefore bears it not about;
" Unleſs on Holy-days, or ſo
" As Men their beſt Apparel do." BUTLER.

In the mean Time, until our Author ſhall think proper to ſend His *witty Turns* abroad, His Readers may entertain themſelves with *very pretty Thoughts*; in which he abounds. A few Inſtances of which ſhall be here added for our preſent Amuſement.

Pretty Thoughts.

If *I'm deceiv'd* in this with empty Shew,
Then my *Exiſtence* is uncertain too. (p. 3.)
No! all Creation dwindles to a Toy,
And *Heav'n itſelf* could not excite my Joy. (p. 4.)
Ye lovely Flow'rs, that juſt begin to bloom,
And raiſe our Hope of glorious *Fruit* to come;
That juſt begin to *open all your Charms*,
While vig'rous Youth your tender Boſom warms:
Indulge a Muſe, that's anxious for your Good,
Leſt ſome rude Storm ſhould blaſt the *op'ning* Bud. (p. 5.)

(Addreſs'd to two young Ladies concerning Piety.)

The wide Creation ſmiles; Earth, Sky and Air
In vernal Robes and *blooming Youth* appear.
But Ah! *e'er long* will *ſurly Winter* come,
Strip the gay Year of all her *youthful* Bloom,
And ſpread o'er all a cheerleſs ſullen Gloom. (p. 8.)

(Theſe charming Lines are in a Letter, which, our Author ſays, was written in the Spring; and cloſe his Deſcription of the Spring: He has herein, with great Judgment, as well as Strength of Fancy, deſerted the ordinary Courſe of Nature, by changing the Order of the Seaſons, and putting Winter next to the Spring; that is, where the Summer ſhould be: Which eaſy Contrivance enables him moſt agreeably to ſurprize the Reader with a ſtrong and elegant Contraſt. But I proceed to more pretty Thoughts.)

While neighb'ring Scepters yielded to my Sway,
Ambitious of the Honour to obey. (p. 12.)
And thro' aërial Fields purſues his Prey,
Swift as a *Sun-Beam* in the *Blaze of Day*: (p. 13.)

(The Eagle here deſcribed, according to the moſt accurate Obſervations of the lateſt and ableſt Aſtronomers, could move at the Rate of about 150 thouſand Miles in a Second of Time: Which is enough to demonſtrate that no Author ever had, nor perhaps ever will have ſo good a Hand, as our Author, at an Hyperbole or Auxeſis: (that is, in *Engliſh*, *ſhooting out of a long Bow*.) Virgil's *Camilla*, or Horace's *Ocyor Euro* being nothing to this Eagle for Velocity.)

I ſee that all beneath the lower Skies
Is *Abſtract* Vanity of Vanities. (p. 18.)

(Here our Author contended with the wiſeſt Man for a Stretch of Fancy; and has plainly gone one Thought beyond *Solomon*.)

What is great God! and what is not,
Should BE and NOT BE to thy Praiſe. (p. 22.)
Teach me the Senſes to ſupply,
To ſee without the Optics of an Eye;
The Muſic of your Songs to hear
Without the Organ of an Ear. (p. 28.)
And is this then Eternity!
And am I ſafely landed there! (p. 31.)

(This rightly makes Eternity a Country, in which our Author lands, after he has paſſed the great Ocean of Time or Life: Which is much better and more ſurprizing, than, contrariwiſe, comparing Eternity to an Ocean, and Life to a little Iſland in the Middle of it; as other leſs accurate Authors have done.)

Angels! that charm the liſt'ning Skies
With everlaſting Harmonies,
Say, Have Ye ne'er a *mourning String?* (p. 36.)
Their Knowledge brightens more and more;
And what they know not, they adore. (p. 44.)

(*know not what* is very prettily verſified into *what they know not*.)

When *Chara*, the Companion of my Life,
The chaſteſt, mildeſt, tendereſt, kindeſt Wife;
The Honour and the Beauty of her Sex;
Whom every Grace and ev'ry Virtue decks:
When ſhe blooms on my Sight in all her Charms,
And every correſpondent Paſſion warms;
I farther look; and thro' this radiant Glaſs
Gaze on the brighter Beauties of thy Face. (p. 53.)

(When our Author, like a loving Huſband has told us, that his Wife is a very Non-ſuch, that ſhe is the *Honour* and *Beauty* of her Sex, *that all the Graces and Virtues* are but her Hand-maids to wait at her Toilet, to dreſs her and trick her off againſt ſhe makes her Appearance: He takes Care *piouſly* to add, that for all this God has a prettier Face than ſhe; and that ſhe is but a Glaſs, thro' which He views the more enchanting Features of the Deity.---How this exceeds the Behaviour of your prophane Lovers! who look into the Eyes of their Miſtreſſes for Babies; and ſtupidly think of admiring nothing there ſo much as their own Image.)

Adore his Name who join'd two kindred Souls,
And faſhion'd you in *correſpondent Moulds*.
Connubial Love! thrice happy was the Hour
I fell a willing Captive to thy Pow'r
Oppreſs'd I *panted underneath my Load*,
While I a *ſingle Individual ſtood*:
But, *Chara*, ſince with thee I *coaleſc'd*,
And join'd thee to my maim'd imperfect Breaſt,
I *grew into a finiſh'd Man, compleat*,
And hardly feel the huge unweildy Weight.----- (p. 58.)

Here our Author is pleas'd for very good Reaſons I doubt not, to be *ſomewhat myſterious*.

Nor will my OTHER SELF refuſe to own
She finds her *Soul* to *perfect Stature grown*,
And two *conjoin'd* but make a *finiſh'd One*
The rougher Virtues of a manly Mind
With her more tender female Virtues join'd,
Form a well-temper'd Compound.----So unite
The *Glooms* of *Black*, and the *mild Streaks* of *White*,
And form a well-mix'd Picture, pleaſing to the Sight. (p. 59.)

(Was it not for the Word *Soul* in the ſecond Line, I ſhould conjecture, that our Author alludes here to his *Wife's firſt big Belly*, and to a certain Monſter known to chaſte Ears by the Name of the Monſter with two Backs. But as the Paſſage ſtands, it is very *myſterious*; alluding, I think, to a Difference of Sex in Souls. The Simile at the End is extremely curious; and if He wears *dark*, and his Wife *light* coloured Cloaths; or if he have a *ſwarthy* Complexion and ſhe a very fair one, could not have been more happily applied; except it had been uſed to repreſent the *Coaleſcence* of a *black* Man and a *white* Woman.)

But here, ah! here a guilty Scene appears!----
Oh! Break my ſenſeleſs Heart, and flow my Tears!
How manifold and ſtrange my Frailties be!
Chara, I find Temptations ev'n in thee!
When fondly in thy loving Arms I reſt,
And thy reſiſtleſs Charms enflame my Breaſt,
The pleaſing Tempter ſeizes all my Heart,
Or leaves my God but the inferior Part.
Almighty Grace! th' Extravagance controul
Of this unruly Pow'r that captivates my Soul.
From *all created Charms* my Heart recall,
To the *all-perfect Fair*, th' *eternal all!*
My lovely Chara! *help me to reſtrain*
The wild Exceſſes of the Love you gain.
With Horror, ſhun the ſacrilegious Theft,
And tho' I give, yet Oh! refuſe the Gift. (p. 61.)

(The Meaning of theſe Lines is ſo very deep, that I cannot *dive* into it, or pretend ſo much as to gueſs at it, with any De[illegible] of Confidence; therefore I conclude they are the *moſt myſterious* of any written by our Author.

However I cannot but think, that our Author has herein expreſſed an Inclination to forbear ſomewhat the Enjoyment of his Wife, for the Sake of God, during his Stay in this mortal State. To make her Amends for which He intends not to be ſo intirely taken up with God, as to neglect the Enjoyment of her in another Life: If I miſtake not the Senſe of the following Lines.

Conducted by our heavenly Convoy, riſe
And ſoar together to the upper Skies;
There in *eternal Union* praiſe thy Name,
And Love Divine our *mingled Souls* enflame.)
My *ſenſeleſs Duſt* with thee would ſympathize,
And *ſpring to Life to wipe thy ſtreaming Eyes*. (p. 64.)
Your Griefs at my own Funeral I ſhare,
And ſince I cannot then, now drop a Tear. (p. 64.)
Thou in whoſe Sight Arch-Angels are but *Naught*,
And *higheſt Heav'n* beneath Thy *meaneſt* Thought!
And doſt Thou, Sovereign Ruler of the Spheres!
Stoop *down to Worms*, and manage *our Affairs!* (p. 60.)
While Hell grew proud
With Hopes of Prey, and *laugh'd prophanely loud*.

(A Saint may ſmile, or laugh, a little, ſilently, in his Sleeve; but to laugh loud is wicked and diabolical; there being as much Prophaneſs in a merry Countenance, as there is Piety in a demure Look.)

Give *me* a *Crown* to *caſt before* Thy Feet,
Raiſe me, to *bow* the *lower* at Thy Seat.
Exalt and dignify a groveling Worm,
An humble Adoration to perform;
For while my Situation is ſo low,
I cannot with *profound Proſtration bow*. (p. 120.)
And in my trembling *Hand* repoſe my doubtful *Life?* (p. 128.)
His Soul expatiates in immortal Day,
Serenely *baſking in the Smiles of* God. (p. 132.)
Reſtore our Prophet, and his Health renew;
For Oh! *we need him more than Heav'n can do*. (p. 133.)
Reſtore our Prophet, Lord! and in *his Stead*
Let *worthleſs me* be to the *Skies* convey'd.
Thy earthly Houſe ſuch *uſeleſs Lumber* may
Reſign; but Oh! ſnatch not our *Blair* away. (p. 134.)

Will this Propoſal for an Exchange of Priſoners, ſo much for the Benefit of the Earth, and ſo little for that of Heaven, be accepted?

What Earth could teach, he learn'd, and now muſt riſe
To a ſuperior Claſs above the Skies.
Too much *refin'd*, in this dark World to bear
The *humble Place of* Zion's *Miniſter*;
Heav'n calls him to ſuſtain ſome nobler Function there:
With Gabriel *to perform the Orders given*,
And *bear* Jehovah's *Errands thro'* the Vaſt of Heav'n. (p. 134.)
Compar'd with Him, the *moſt exalted Tongue*,
But *mangles* Truth, and does *the Subject wrong*.
From others *heav'nly* Truths *inſipid* ſeem
To them whoſe Reliſh was refin'd by *Him*. (p. 136.)

There is nothing in which an eminent Writer more diſtinguiſhes himſelf, than in the Uſe of the *Metaphor*. By his dextrous Management of this Figure, our Author can turn himſelf into what Shape he pleaſes, as a good Taylor, He can take a thouſand Streams, turn them into a thouſand Garments, for as many Worlds (not to wear but) to ſmile with.

Whoſe Grace, diffus'd around in *thouſand rills*,
Arrays a thouſand Worlds in chearful *Smiles*.

As a curious News-monger, He can hear the Bluſhes of a Lady's Soul; and gather very ſtrange and welcome News from thence.

To

Thy Soul, that knew not what Diſſembling meant,
With modeſt ſoft Reluctance, *bluſh'd Conſent*.
In Tranſport loſt, *the joyful News I heard*.

As an underſtanding Mariner, and tender Huſband, He can recommend a Rock to his Wife, as a Place of great and marvellous Security, in Caſe ſhe ſhould be overtaken in a Storm.

Here will I reſt; And here, my *Clara* too,
Appears a *Rock in every Storm for you*. (p. 66.)

As a ſkilful Phyſician, He can feel the Pulſe of Immortality, and be thereby aſſured, that the Conſtitution of his Patient is very good.

I feel the Pulſe of Immortality
Beat, and *aſſure* me I muſt *ever Be*; (p. 77.)

And as a learned Lawyer, He can make Death the Repealer of Matrimony.

A ſolemn Rite the willing Contract ſeal'd,
To ſtand, *'til Death divide us, unrepeal'd*. (p. 60.)

Now a young Dabler in the Law will be apt to ſay, that if Death be the Repealer of Matrimony, He ſhould be the Enactor too. That in comparing Marriage to an Act of Parliament, a Divorce is properly a repealing of the Law; if the Contract comes to an End by the Death of one of the Parties, the Act *is expired*: But all this is the Effect of a cold Imagination; our Author is bleſſed with a warmer and more prolific Fancy.

[*To be continued.*]

To the PRINTER.

Williamſburg, April 10, 1752.

SIR,

Pleaſe to inſert in your Paper my Reaſons for voting againſt removing the Seat of Government from *Williamſburg*, and you will oblige, Sir,

Your humble Servant,
Edwin Conway.

I HAVE ſat in the Houſe of Burgeſſes, tweny-four Seſſions of Aſſembly; and never was detain'd one Day, in the whole Time, from the Service of the Houſe, by Sickneſs or Lameneſs; therefore I reckon the Air in *Williamſburg* as healthy as it may be in any Town in *Virginia*.

It is ſituated on high Land, between two Creeks, ſo commodious for ſupplying Proviſions to accommodate all People that have Occaſion to attend the Seat of Government, that no Place in the Colony, in my Opinion, can equal; it affording the Convenience of Water-Carriage from the two principal Rivers of *Virginia*, viz. *James* and *York* Rivers; out of which more than Half the Tobacco ever made in this Colony has been exported; it is nigher to ſalt Water, which is advantageous to the Stocks of Sheep and Cattle, and muſt be ſuppoſed to be more convenient for Lamb and Veal, than the Place propoſed.

Tho' I never had much to ſpare, yet kind Providence always ſupply'd me with ſufficient Neceſſaries of Life; and, for my Money, I always have had a plentiful Table at *Williamſburg*, when my Occaſions required me to attend, which have been in more than forty Years; and when I had a Wife, my Table at home was not reckon'd inferior to any of my Neighbours.

The main Grievance to be redreſſed, by the Bill now paſſed in the Houſe of Burgeſſes, is to carry the Seat of Government about fifty Miles higher, by Land, to the Weſtern Inhabitants; which impoſes as great a Grievance on the Eaſtern Inhabitants, by obliging them to go fifty Miles further; and 'tis reaſonable to ſuppoſe the Grievance to one Man, in going fifty Miles, is as great as it is to any one of twenty Men. How then can it appear juſt to redreſs the Grievance of ſome People, by impoſing as great a Grievance on others, who are altogether innocent?

The Act of Aſſembly that paſſed in the eleventh Year of the late King *William*, and confirm'd by another Act, in the fourth Year of Queen *Anne*, encouraged the People to lay out their Money, to provide Buildings and other Conveniencies, for the Reception and Accommodation of the People that ſhould have Occaſion to attend the Seat of Government: Can it be reaſonable to ruin ſuch People, and put the Country to ſo great a Charge, to redreſs the Grievance of ſome People and impoſe a greater on others? For the People to the Eaſtward of *Williamſburg* will not only have the Addition to their Journey by Land, but the whole Country will have further by Water, except the Inhabitants on the ſmall River of *Pamunkey*.

I can't think it any Advantage for the Seat of Government to be on a navigable River, as ſome have propoſed, where Ships may ride; for they may bring epidemick Diſeaſes to the Town. If good Accommodation can be had, the more private the Town is, the better to conſult the Good of the Country, in Aſſembly, and determine Cauſes in the General Court.

Our Country is happily furniſh'd with navigable Rivers and Creeks for Trade, ſo diſperſed, that I ſee no Reaſon to imagine that one Ship more would come into this Country, on Account of the Seat of Government being removed from *Williamſburg*, to any other Place.

To their H———s.

The Petition of *William Wee*
The Contents of which, any one, who has a Mind to read them, may know.

Humbly ſheweth,

THAT your Petitioner was born, and bred at Home in *Scotland*, a *Preſbyterian* true Blue,
And none of your independent Spawn, which is more than every Body can ſay----*Whew!*
That He has long been a Student of *Rhet'ric, Logic, Pathos*, and *Ontology*
Phyſiology, Hiſtory, Metaphyſicks, and every other Branch of *Philology*.
That He has frequently exerciſed himſelf for his Diverſion at leiſure Times
In a certain wonderful Knack, that he has, of coupling *ſtrange Things* together in Rhymes.
That ſome ſay he writes like *Pindar*; but *Pindar*'s a rambling Aſs,
He knows, whom he writes Verſes the moſt like, he writes the moſt like *Hudibraſs*.
That I have obſerved the *Clergy* of the *Church* of *England*, in Summer, when annoyed by
Make very ſhort Sermons for Fear of putting their Congregation in a Sweat; (Heat,
And again in Winter, dreading the great Men, and their Ire,
Take Care not to keep them in the Cold, too long, from the Fire.
That none of them all dare cry
Out againſt Sin, and Wickedneſs, to the Faces of the People, who commit them, ſo boldly, as *I*:
That notwithſtanding all this, as the Devil wou'd have it, I am a Taylor by Trade,
And ſuch another Tool at his Buſineſs, God knows, the Devil he never made.
It can be none elſe, for a certain, but the Devil's Doing,
To have *me*, and *my Talents* miſapplied, and confin'd to a ſcurvy Employment to my Ruin.
For I have ever thought it one of the Actions, which make Satan an Offender moſt heinous
To keep me by his ſubtle Contrivances from benefitting the World, ſo much as I might have done, by my *Genius*,
That therefore I might get the better of old *Nick*, and all his *unrighteous Crew*,
I thought it was my beſt Way, *May it pleaſe your H-----s*, to petition *You*.
Now, underſtand me, it is not my Deſire to be an eſtabliſh'd Miniſter,---No!
Down all hard Bargains! that will never do,
For then I can never have but one Church, or perhaps two.
Whereby I ought to have the whole Colony to range about in,
For I am the only Perſon ſent to demoliſh with my *new Light* the whole Empire of Sin.
And it is very well known, that I have the Grace
Not to confine my *pious Endeavours* for the *Good* of *my* Sion to any *one ſingle Place*,
Yet miſtake me not, Sirs, as if I expected You at once to grant all:
I am more moderate than ſo; ſome *ten Churches* will content me, *'til I have farther Call*.
Do I know, that *Rome* was not built in one Day? *I b'lieve Ye*. Beſides I am loath
Not to retain ſo much of the *Cunning* of my old Trade, as to *cut my Coat according to my Cloth*.
But think not to put me off, becauſe there yet are no *Congregations* of *my Sect to be tolerated*, which is nothing, do You ſee,
I ſhall not be long without Followers, I warrant You, if You do but *tolerate me*.
Nor is it any Objection, that ſome *malicious* People give out, I am *mad*,
What if it were *really* ſo, I hope there wou'd be *Followers to be had*.
So to be ſhort, if You deny my Requeſt *I will write to the King* how *guilty* you are of *Perſecution*.
And then You ſhall quickly ſee, to Your Coſt, how my great Friend will bring about a ſtrange Revolution.
But if You grant my Petition You ſhall be toſs'd off, and adorned with ſuch Commendation, and Praiſe,
That, good Lord! You yourſelves ſhall own, you never made ſo fine an Appearance before in all your Days.
And then, ye *Virginia-Boys* ſtand clear,---I will *hudibraſs* ye off *for true*.
Reclaim you from your old Tricks, and ſend you to Heaven in a String.----*Whew.*----

LYONS, December 6.

THE conſiderable Bankruptcies which have lately happened in different Places, have had a bad Influence upon our Commerce, which is far from being in ſo flouriſhing a Condition as it was before the late War. Notwithſtanding the great Abundance of Silk of various Sorts which were brought to the Fairs of Beaucaire and Alais, our Sattin and Taffety Manufactures languiſh for Want of a ſufficient Number of Workmen; and we ſhall not, 'ere long, have the ſame Opportunity as heretofore, of diſpoſing of our Silks, brocaded with Gold and Silver, of which we uſed to ſend ſo great a Quantity into Spain, as well as into the Dominions of the ſame Monarchy in America, ſeeing the Manufactures which his Catholick Majeſty has eſtabliſhed there, will ſoon be in a Condition of furniſhing a ſufficient Quantity of other Goods, not only for the Uſe of his own Subjects, but for thoſe of the States in his Neighbourhood.

Madrid, Dec. 11. It's aſſured, that at the Beginning of next Year ſeveral Edicts will be publiſhed, to oblige the Inhabitants of the Country to cultivate their Land better, in Order to prevent the frequent Want of Corn to which the Kingdom is expoſed, which is leſs occaſioned by the Barrenneſs of the Ground, than by the Idleneſs of the Peaſants.

Peſt, Dec. 12. At all Times the Jews have been hated in this Kingdom by the Populace; but more in this Town than elſewhere, as the Roman Catholick is the only Religion publickly exerciſed here. As this Hatred expoſed them to continual Inſults, the Magiſtrates were obliged to take them under their ſpecial Protection, and decree ſeveral Penalties againſt any that ſhould injure them, in any Shape whatever. Theſe Orders were renewed about three Years ago, but within theſe few Months the Mob have begun to pay no Reſpect thereto, and let ſlip no Opportunity to moleſt the Jews. Their Inſults were not confined to the poor, ragged, deſpicable Iſraelites, but reached alſo the moſt opulent; inſomuch that a rich Trader, thinking himſelf and his Servants were in Danger, had Recourſe to the Civil Magiſtrate for a more ample Protection; which was granted him, but attended with very ſad Conſequences; for on the 21ſt of laſt Month, at Five in the Evening, one of this Jew's Domeſticks being inſulted in the Street by a Chimney Sweeper, the Magiſtrate's Officers fell upon the Raſcal, and drubbed him ſoundly; but as they did not ſecure and commit him to Priſon, he afterwards ran about the adjacent Streets, imploring the Aſſiſtance of all zealous Chriſtians: Upon which the Mob immediately aſſembled, and ſurrounded the Houſe of the Jew Merchant, the grand Guard of the City not being able to prevent them, their firſt Exploit was breaking all the Windows, with a Volley of Stones; after which they forced open the Door, beat and abuſed the Merchant and his Wife, who were both pretty far advanced in Years, plunder'd the Houſe thoroughly, and tore all his Books and Papers. This being over, they were preparing to play the ſame Pranks at the Houſes of other Jews, when the Governor ſent a Detachment of Soldiers to keep the Peace, who fired upon the Rioters and diſperſed them. Some of them were taken in their Beds the ſame Night and committed to Priſon.

Amſterdam, Dec. 31. The following are ſome Particulars, the Truth of which may be depended on, relating to what lately happened to the Danes at Saffia and Santa Croix in Africa: "After the Embaſſador of Denmark had been arreſted by Order of the Emperor of Morocco, and that his Papers had been ſeized upon, a Letter was found among them, whereby it appeared, that his Daniſh Majeſty had given Orders, that all the Land and Sea-Forces which were embarked on the Squadron deſtined for Africa, ſhould obey the Orders which the Embaſſador ſhould give them. Whereupon the African Prince no longer doubted but the Danes had really formed a Deſign to invade his Territories; and this was what cauſed him to act as he has done, that is, to make the ſaid Embaſſador, and all the other Danes who were on Shore, Slaves, and to ſeize upon their Effects. The Sieur Rey, the Conſul of France, who had ſeemingly taken the Danes Part, having perceived the Storm to be riſing, betray'd the Embaſſador, and addreſs'd himſelf to the African Prince, acquainting him, that he had been deceived, for that he never imagined the Danes intended to build Fortifications. By this Means he has juſtified himſelf, at leaſt proviſionally; though it is nevertheleſs thought, that his Fall is near at Hand."

Tranſlation of the OATH taken by the King of Sweden *at his Coronation.*

I ADOLPHUS FREDERICK, promiſe and ſwear, in the Preſence of God and his Holy Goſpel.

I. That I will love God and his Holy Church; conſerve and maintain all the States of the Kingdom in the Practice and Obſervance of the pure Doctrine, purſuant to the ſolemn Aſſurance I have given thereof; protect the Church and her Rights, and protect with the ſame Attention the Rights of the Crown, and thoſe of the whole Swediſh Nation.

II. That I will love, keep, and obſerve Juſtice and Truth, repreſs Iniquity and Injuſtice, and make my Royal Prerogative and Power ſubſervient to thoſe Ends.

III. That I will be ſteady and faithful to all my Subjects; ſo that none of them, whether rich or poor, high or low, who may be guilty of any Fault, ſhall have any Thing to fear for his Life, Liberty or Property, without being firſt tried and convicted in the Manner preſcribed by the Laws of the Kingdom and the Judicial Forms.

IV. That I will rule and govern the Kingdom of Sweden by the Advice and Aſſiſtance of the Senators and other Perſons born in the Kingdom, attached to the Country by their Birth and by Oath, and never Act without their Participation, nor ever admit Foreigners into my Councils.

V. That I will preſerve and maintain the State, and the Nation in the Poſſeſſion of its Frontiers, and in the Enjoyment of its annual Revenues; ſo that no Part thereof ſhall be embezzled, to the Prejudice of my Succeſſors.

VI. As by the Act of Security, given at my Acceſſion to the Throne, I have rejected arbitrary and deſpotick Power, and never will introduce the ſame, nor ever ſuffer it to be introduced by others in any Shape whatſoever; ſo I likewiſe promiſe and ſwear to protect the States of the Kingdom, in their Perſons, and to the Enjoyment of their Fortunes and Privileges duly acquired; defend and maintain the Laws and Regulations eſtabliſhed by the common Conſent of the States; never ſuffer Injuſtice to prevail over Juſtice, nor permit foreign Cuſtoms, or new Laws, to be introduced into the Country without their free Will and Conſent.

VII. Neither will I ever engage in any War, or lay any Tax on the Subject, without the Participation of the States. And in all Things of this Nature I will conform to the Contents of the Act of Security, and to the Regulation by which the Form of Reſidence was eſtabliſhed in the Year 1720.

VIII. Moreover, I will defend and protect the whole Body of the People in general, and in particular thoſe who being of a peaceable Temper place their Happineſs in living quietly according to Law; I will protect them againſt all reſtleſs, turbulent Spirits, whether Natives or Foreigners. And as Peace and Concord are invaluable Bleſſings, I will endeavour to make both reign in the Church, in the Councils, in Families, in publick and private Adminiſtration, and in general wherever Peace is wanted: And, in fine, I will make it my whole Study to puniſh ſeverely all thoſe who may diſturb the Tranquility of the Subject.

LONDON, January 14.

To my COUNTRYMEN.

BRITONS! Shall *France* a Fleet to *India* ſend?
To *Africk* ſhall a Second Squadron bend?
A Third be deſtin'd.----She alone knows where;
And Ye, to give them Chace, not once prepare.
Say, Shall the Neutral *Iſlands* be Her own?
By her dark Arts ſhall *Nova-Scotia* groan?-----
Can theſe Things be, yet *Albion*'s Thunder ſleep?
Swift let her Natives riſe, and awe the Deep.

ANTI-GALLUS.

Yesterday the Person who was taken up, and brought to London from Devonshire some Time since, and committed to the Custody of Mr. Carrington, the Messenger, for taking upon him a Name that did not belong to him, was brought before Henry Fielding, Esq; and discharg'd, he appearing to be a *real Pretender*.

Jan. 26. Yesterday Morning a Sea-Officer coming through the Strand, who had been drinking freely, was very quarrelsome, and challenged many People to box, but at last coming up with two Sharpers, who thought him a proper Object for their Purpose, one of them join'd Battle with him, and the other held the Cloaths of both the Combatants, 'til he found an Opportunity of carrying them off, to the real Grief of the Officer, who was quite young, and seem'd fond of his lac'd Cloaths, and to the pretended Concern, or rather Satisfaction of his Companion.

Jan. 28. Last Wednesday a Dispute arose between two Gentlemen, one a Frenchman, and the other an Irishman, at a Merchant's House in Bucklersbury; but the Frenchman's Sword being broke in the Scuffle, it produced a Challenge, to be decided by Sword and Pistol as Thursday Morning. Application being made to the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor to exert his Authority, one of the Combatants was secured, and the Affair was amicably adjusted the same Night to mutual Satisfaction.

Edinburgh, Jan. 31. Informations are given against some Journeymen Weavers, and others concerned in the Woollen Manufactures, who are going out of this Kingdom to France and Spain; upon which we hear that Warrants are granted to take them into Custody. Would it not be for the Advantage of England, to let them employ our own Manufacturers, and work our own Wooll, rather than supply our known Enemies and Rivals in Trade, with Workmen and Materials to under-sell us.

WILLIAMSBURG, April 17.

The St. *George*, Capt. *Foster*, who was supposed to have founder'd at Sea, is arrived in *James* River. She sail'd from *London* in *August* last, but meeting with bad Weather, was oblig'd to put into *Antigua*, to refit.

The *Monmouth*, Capt. *Twentyman*, is arrived in *York* River, from *Liverpool*. Capt. *Kelly* sail'd in Company with this Ship.

By Permission of His Honour the GOVERNOR,

At the New THEATRE, in *WILLIAMSBURG*,

For the Benefit of Mrs. BECCELY,

On *Friday*, being the 24th of this Instant

Will be performed, a COMEDY, called the

CONSTANT COUPLE:

OR A

TRIP to the JUBILEE.

The Part of Sir Harry Wildair *to be perform'd*

By Mr. KEAN.

Colonel Standard,

By Mr. MURRAY,

And the Part of Angelica *to be perform'd*

By Mrs. BECCELY.

With Entertainment of SINGING between the Acts:

Likewise a DANCE, called the DRUNKEN PEASANT.

To which will be added, a Farce, called the

LYING VALET.

TICKETS to be had at Mrs. Vobe's, *and at Mr.* Mitchel's, *in* York.

Virginia, ss.

By the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, Esq; His Majesty's Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*:

A PROCLAMATION,

For publishing the Repeal of certain Acts of Assembly, pass'd in the Years 1748 *and* 1749.

WHEREAS all Laws, Statutes, and Ordinances, made and pass'd in the General Assembly of this Dominion, are, according to the Constitution of this Government, by His Majesty's Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of *Great-Britain*, to be transmitted to His Majesty, for His Royal Approbation or Disallowance; and such of the said Laws, Statutes, and Ordinances, as shall be thereupon disallowed or disapproved, and so signified, by His Majesty, under His Sign Manuel and Signet, or by Order in his Privy Council, are, from thenceforth, to cease, determine, and become utterly void: And whereas His Majesty, in Council, has been pleased to signify His Disapprobation and Disallowance of several Acts, passed in the Years 1748 and 1749, *to wit*.

An Act for allowing Fairs to be kept in the Town of Suffolk; *and preventing Hogs and Goats going at large therein; and for altering the Times of holding Fairs in the Town of* Newcastle.

Also *An Act, intituled An Act for establishing a Town in* Augusta *County; and allowing Fairs to be kept there.*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act declaring Slaves to be Personal Estate; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act for the Distribution of Intestates Estates.*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act for establishing the General Court; and for regulating and settling the Proceedings therein,*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act for Limitation of Actions, and avoiding of Suits.*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act concerning Servants, and Slaves.*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act to prevent tending Seconds.*

Also *An Act, intituled An Act for the better Support of the College of* William *and* Mary.

And *An Act, intituled An Act to prevent the Building Wooden Chimnies in the Town of* Walkerton; *and also, to prevent the Inhabitants thereof from raising and keeping Hogs.*

I do therefore, in Pursuance thereof, by this Proclamation, publish and declare, That the said Acts of Assembly are repealed, and utterly void, and of none Effect: And, for the more solemn Signification thereof, I do appoint this Proclamation to be read and published, at the Court-Houses of the several Counties within this Dominion; And the Sheriffs are to take Care the same be done accordingly.

GIVEN at the Council-Chamber, this Eighth Day of *April*, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Fifty Two, in the Twenty Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

ROBERT DINWIDDIE.

GOD Save the KING.

From the Council Chamber, March 31, 1752.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons concerned in any Caveats, That the Causes upon the Council-Docket will be proceeded upon immediately after the Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* in *June*; and all Parties who have any Suits depending, are required not to fail giving their Attendance, and to be ready at that Time to prosecute, or defend the same.

N. Walthoe, Cl. Con.

Triton, in *Hampton* Road, *April* 16, 1752.

WHEREAS some of the Company, belonging to His Majesty's Ship, under my Command, have outstay'd their usual Liberty, and are afraid to Return: This is to give them Notice, That if they are on Board by the latter End of *May*, they will be forgiven, otherwise Run of all their Wages,

Matthew Whitwell.

2

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Hanover* County, about the Middle of *March* last, a young *Indian* Fellow, named *Ned*, about 20 Years of Age, he is a streight well-made Fellow, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, with exceeding white Teeth; he pretends to pass for a free Man, and it's imagined will endeavour to make his Escape out of this Colony. Whoever apprehends and brings him to me, shall have Two Pistoles Reward if taken in this Colony, and Five Pistoles if taken out of it, besides what the Law allows.

Anthony Winston.

To be SOLD,

A NEW Ship, Burthen about 140 Tons, now on the Stocks, and will be ready for Launching by the last Day of *May* next. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printer.

ALL Persons who are indebted to *Thomas Williamson* and Company, (which Concern now ceases by the Death of the said *Williamson*) are desired to settle their Accounts with his Executors, and discharge their respective Ballances, and those who have any Demands against the Company, are desired to bring in their Accounts in Order to be discharged.

Robert Tucker,
Lewis Hansford, } Executors.

LEFT on Board the Ship *Grizie*, of *Glasgow*, *Henry White*, Master, a sheated Box, mark'd W. K. no Number, and for which no Bill of Loading is signed. The Owner may have it of Mr. *James Sheilden*, *Isle of Wight*, on paying Freight, and the Charge of this Advertisement. 1

To be SOLD reasonable,

ONE Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of good Land, lying in *Lunenburg* County, on *Flat-Rock* Creek, about 55 Miles from *Bolling*'s-Point, and 60 to *Warwick*, or *Osborn*'s, a very good Road, and is very convenient to Church and Mill, with a Plantation on it, in good Order for to work 4 or 5 Hands, with two Dwelling-Houses, and one 40 by 20 Feet new-framed Barn, with other Out-houses, and small Apple and Peach Orchards. Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Land, may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *Anthony Walke*, near *Bolling*'s-Point, or of the Subscriber, living on the Premisses.

James Taylor.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscribers are lately set up in *York* Town; and any Gentlemen that are pleased to favour them with their Custom, in Regard to House Carpentry and Joynery, may depend on having their Business effectually perform'd, by

Their most obliged humble Servants,

York, April 16, 1752.

Edward Boswell,
James Taylor.

To be LET by the Year, or Leas'd for a Term,

TWO very good Dwelling-Houses, with all other necessary Out-Houses belonging to them; one of which may be enter'd on immediately, and the other in *October* next. Any Person inclinable to take them may apply to me, in *York*, and know the Terms.

April 17, 1752. 1 *Reginald Orton.*

By the Committee of the Ohio *Company.*

THE several Members of the said Company, in *Virginia* and *Maryland*, are desired to meet at Mr. *Wetherburn*'s, in the City of *Williamsburg*, on *Thursday* the 7th Day of *May* next.

April 7, 1752.

George Mason,
James Scott,
John Mercer.

Feb. 9, 1752.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living near *Elk*-Run Church, in *Prince-William* County, a middle-siz'd light-grey Horse, with a long Sprig Tail and hanging Mane, branded on the near Buttock I C. The Owner may have him of me, on proving his Property, and paying as the Law directs.

3‖ *John Crump.*

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, in *Spotsylvania* County, a middle-siz'd Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock A: She has been posted and valued according to Law. The Owner may have her on proving his Property, and paying as the Law directs.

3‖ *Francis Arnold.*

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, in *Spotsylvania* County, a red and white Steer, about 6 Years old, marked on the right Ear with a Crop and Underkeel, and on the left with a Crop: He has been posted and valued according to Law. The Owner may have him on proving his Property, and paying as the Law directs.

3‖ *John Miner.*

STRAY'D from Mrs *Thomas Madison*'s, in *Caroline* County, about the first Day of *October* last, a middle-siz'd Iron-grey Mare, with a thick Mane, Part of which is hanging, and branded with a single Dot on both Shoulders and Buttocks. Whoever will bring or send her to the said Mr. *Madison*'s, or to me in *King-William* County, shall have a Pistole Reward, paid by

Charles Palmer.

N. B. There went away with her an old Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock TW in a Piece.

STRAY'D or stolen from Mr. *Mitchell*'s in *York*, a Sorrel Mare, with a bob Tail, branded on the near Buttock OO. Whoever will bring the said Mare to Mr. *Mitchell*, at *York*, or to Mr. *William Churchill*, in *Middlesex*, shall receive a Pistole Reward.

Charles Carter.

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, in *Glocester* County, a small black Horse, about 13 Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock with three Dots, not very plain. Whoever brings him to me, shall have a Pistole Reward.

3‖ *John Hobday,*

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, living at *New-Quarter*, near *Williamsburg*, a Mare, about three Years old, of a darkish Colour, not broke, branded on the near Buttock T D, but not very plain, has a very short Tail, and paces. Whoever brings her to me, or to Mr. *Benjamin Davis*, at *Forres*'s, shall have Half a Pistole Reward.

1‖ *Thomas Doswell,*

A 8

AS I expected I should have been able out of the Effects of *Francis Wroughton* of *London*, Merchant, to have paid the Demands of his Creditors in this Colony, which I engaged to do this General Court, on some Promises I had receiv'd, and have already experienced the Effects of such Engagements, by being dunn'd before the Commencement of the Court, and a Conviction that I may have little Dependance on receiving any of his Effects during the Continuance of it, notwithstanding any Promises. I take this Opportunity of satisfying the Public, that I acknowledge my Promise, and am ready, notwithstanding a large Ballance due to myself, to discharge it, if I can be enabled to do so by his Debtors paying their Debts, or taking an Assignment upon any of his Creditors, or with my own Estate (if my Debtors will enable me to do so): But if I should be disabled by any of those Methods, and have not learned the Secret of making Money, I will undertake to give Bond and Security, if required, for the Payment of the said *Wroughton*'s Debts, with Interest, from the last Day of the Generl Court. Or if any Gentlemen in the Country has a Sum of Money to put out at Interest, which will enable me to discharge the said *Wroughton*'s Debts, I will, before the last Day of the General Court, give them any Security that will be agreeable.

Besides Mr. *Wroughton*'s Debts, I have some of my own (and not inconsiderable) to pay; therefore I hope that such Gentlemen as are indebted to me, will, without putting me to the Blush which a Dunn will occasion, discharge their Debts, which will much oblige

Their very humble Servant,

JOHN MERCER.

Prince-William County, *April* 3, 1752.

TO be Let to Undertakers, at a Vestry in *Dettingen* Parish, on *Wh[illegible]-Tuesday*, the 20th of *May* next, (or if bad Weather the next fair Day) two Brick or Stone Churches, each to contain in the Clear 1800 Feet. Any Person or Persons inclinable to undertake one or both, may bring in their Plans and Proposals at that Time.

3‖ *William Tebbs*, *Lewis Renoe*, } Churchwardens.

N. B. There is great Plenty of fine Stone in the said Parish.

ALL Persons who have contracted any Debts at the Store lately kept by Mr. *William Hubard*, in *Williamsburg*, are desired to pay the same to Mr. *John Palmer*, who hath the Books in his Custody, by the 20th Instant; and whoever fails so to do, will immediately be sued, without any further Notice.

JAMES FORBES, who is suppos'd to have liv'd some where on the South Side of *James* River, having an Estate left him in *Britain*, as 'tis suppos'd, very considerable, is hereby acquainted therewith: If he, or, in Case of his Death, any of his Family or Relations, will apply to the Printer, they shall be inform'd more particularly. Whoever can give Intelligence of him, will very much oblige his Friends, by informing the Printer what they know relating to him.

Just IMPORTED in the Rachel, *Capt.* Armstrong, *from* London, *and to be sold at a reasonable Rate, at the Unicorn's Horn, by the Subscriber, in* Williamsburg,

A FRESH Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, *&c.* consisting of best Jesuits Bark, Ipecacuanna, Rhubarb, Oil of Turpentine, Tartar Emetick, Sperma Ceti, Sarsaparilla and China Roots, Allom, Antimony, Brimstone, *&c. &c.* Likewise *Eatman*'s and *Stoughton*'s Drops, *Daffey*'s and *Squire*'s Elixirs, *Freeman*'s Cordial, Golden and plain Spirits of Scurvy-Grass, *Turlington*'s Drops, Universal Balsam, *Anderson*'s and *Lockyer*'s Pills, *Eaton*'s and *Helvetius*'s Stypticks, Borax, Coperas, *Prussian* Blue, Red and White Lead, fine eating Oil, *Florence* ditto, *French* and Pearl Barleys, fine French Hungary and Lavender Waters, Cinamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Black Pepper, best *Durham* Mustard, *Scotch* Snuff, white and brown Sugar-Candy, Barley Sugar, Carraway-Comfits, Sugar-Plums, [illegible] Candied Eringo and Angelica Roots, preserv'd Citron, Salt Petre, *Epsom* and *Glauber*'s Salts, Gold-leaf and *Dutch* Metal, Vermillion, best *London*-made Lancets, Smelling-Bottles with and without Cases, Anchovies, Capers and Olives, Pumice Stone, Sponge, Jug Corks, Ra[illegible]e, *&c. &c. &c.*

James Carter.

To be SOLD, very reasonable, by the Subscriber,

A TRACT of Land, containing 1200 Acres, in *Pasquatank*, *North-Carolina*, joining on a bold navigable River, call'd *North-River*, and on the main Road that leads through the said County from *Norfolk* to *Edenton*, about 45 Miles from *Norfolk*, with two Plantations thereon, well wooded and water'd, Quit-rent free, being purchased from an *Indian* King. For further Particulars enquire of Mr. *Thomas Walke*, or the Subscriber, living in *Princess-Anne* County.

Francis Clerk.

N. B. The Subscriber, being in great Want of Cash, will take 200 Pistoles for it.

2‖ *F. Clerk.*

April 9, 1752.

RAN away, last Night, from the Ship *Encouragement*, of *London*, lying at *West-Point*, the following Seamen, *viz.*

William Lange, of a middle Stature, and middle Age, pitted with the Small-Pox, born in *North-Britain*.

John Johnston, a *Scotchman*, about 23 Years of Age, smooth Complexion, and about 6 Feet high.

John Anderson, a tall smooth-faced Man, about 20 Years of Age.

Thomas Short, a *Scotchman*, of a middle Age, dark Complexion, and short Stature.

Robert Milven, a *Scotchman*, of a Middle Stature, and thin Visage.

They went off with the Ship's Yaull, with 4 Oars and a Boat-hook, she rows with 8 Oars: And took with them two Musquets, and all their Cloaths. Whoever secures them, so that they may be had again, shall be rewarded according to Law, besides a reasonable Satisfaction for the Yaull.

Alexander Douglas.

April 10, 1752.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Gloucester* County, on *Sunday* last, a *Scotch* Servant Man, named *Alexander Clerk*; he is of a middle Stature, fresh Complexion, and had on when he went away, a dark brown Wig, a Felt Hat, a blue Wastecoat and Breeches, Kersey or coarse Cloth, large Coat Sleeves to the Waistcoat, a white and check'd Shirt, and took with him two Razors; he cannot read. Whoever apprehends and secures him, so that I may have him again, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, besides what the Law allows.

2 *Francis Willis.*

RAN or carried away from the Plantation of the Subscriber, in *Orange* County, about the first Day of *October* last, a Negroe Man Slave, named *Daniel*, about 26 Years of Age, near 6 Feet high, remarkably scarred on his Shins by Burns and Sores which he receiv'd when young. It is suppos'd that he hath been seduced and carried off by some of the back Inhabitants travelling that Way. Whoever brings him to Capt. *Taverner Beale*, in *Orange* County, or to the Subscriber in *Richmond*, shall have Five Pistoles Reward, paid by

5 *Charles Beale.*

N. B. The said Slave was bred in *Richmond*, and born of a dark Mulatto.

April 10, 1752.

STRAY'D from *Williamsburg*, the Beginning of this Month, Two black Horses, about 14 Hands high, one branded on the near Buttock H, and shod before; the other branded on the near Shoulder H, and on the near Buttock ⊏: Their Sides are chafed with the Harness. Whoever brings them to Mr. Attorney, or to me, in *Williamsburg*, shall have Half a Pistole Reward for each.

Landon Carter.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living in *Louisa* County, on the 26th Day of *November* last, a Black well-made Horse, about 4 Feet 8 Inches high, with a Star in his Forehead, and a white Spot on his Nose, branded PAL very dull, the AL in a Piece.

The Owner may have him of me, on proving his Property, and paying as the Law directs.

Richard Johnson.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living in *Cumberland* County, a very large Bay Horse, about 4 Feet 10 Inches high, with a large Star in his Forehead, a Snip in his Nose, and an old Bell on, the Collar of which is tied in a Knot without any String, his Mane hangs on both Sides; has Saddle Spots on both Sides of his Back, he is shod before, his off hind Hoof is white, except a black Streak about an Inch wide on the Outside thereof, and some white Hairs round the said Hoof, and has a long Switch Tail, but no Brand as can be perceiv'd. Also taken up, a very small dark Bay Mare, with a small Star in her Forehead, and mealy about her Nose, but neither dock'd nor branded. The Owners may have them, on proving their Property and paying as the Law directs.

January 21, 1752. ‖ *Samuel Taylor.*

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living on *James* River, near the Mouth of *Willis*'s Creek, in *Cumberland* County, a Bay Mare, with a small Star in her Forehead, a long Switch Tail, and branded on the near Buttock HO in a Piece. The Owner may have her of me, on proving his Property and paying as the Law directs.

Jan. 24, 1752. ‖ *Robert Carter*, Sen.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living in *Caroline* County, a small black Mare, with a large Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock X. The Owner may have her of me, on proving his Property, and paying as the Law directs.

William Cammock.

March 21, 1752.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, in *Cumberland* County, a bright Bay Mare, with a Switch Tail, branded on the near Buttock TN in a Piece. The Owner may be informed of her, by applying to me, at my House, on *Guinea*, in the said County.

John Bostock.

CAME to the Subscriber's Plantation, in *Surry* County, about the first Day of *June* last, five Head of Cattle, *viz.* a red and white Cow with a Bell on, a Heifer, and two Steers about 3 Years old, of the same Colours, and a black and white Cow; they are mark'd with a Crop in each Ear, and a Nick in the Left. The Owner may have them, on proving their Property and paying as the Law directs.

Edmund Ruffin.

N. B. The said Cattle have been posted according to Law.

STOLEN out of Col. *Richard Kennon*'s Stable, in *Charles-City* County, a Sorrel Horse, 14 Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock TA, and has three white Feet. Whoever brings him to Col. *Richard Kennon*, or to me in *Surry* County, shall have a Pistole Reward.

Augustine Claiborne.

April 3, 1752.

STRAY'D from Mr. *Cole*'s Pasture, near *Williamsburg*, on *Tuesday* Night last, a middle-siz'd dark Bay Mare, branded imperfectly resembling an O, on the near Buttock, has been lately dock'd, and has the Hair on one Side of her Jaw cut very close. She paces and trots, and has been us'd to draw in a Carriage. Whoever brings her to Mr. *John Palmer*, in *Williamsburg*, shall receive Half a Pistole Reward.

N. B. She was bred near *King-William* Courthouse, and 'tis likely is gone upwards towards *West-Point*, or *Claiborne*'s Ferry.

ANY Person qualified to keep an Apothecary's Shop may hear of good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer. t. f.

Stafford County, *March* 2, 1752.

AS I have near 30,000 Acres of extraordinary good fresh Land, in *Fairfax* and *Prince William*, which I would willingly rent out to honest Tenants, I have impowered Mr. *John West*, jun. at the Town of *Alexandria* (or *Belhaven*) in *Fairfax*, to shew the Lands and agree on the Terms, with such Persons as apply to him to rent the same, for three Lives, or 21 Years, and hereby engage myself, and my Heirs, to perform whatever Agreements he enters into on that Account.

t. f. *John Mercer.*

To be SOLD, by the Subscriber, living in Prince George *County, on the Premisses, on the second* Monday *in* August *next, to the highest Bidder, for ready Money,*

FOURTEEN Hundred Acres of Land, containing both valuable high and low Grounds, affords good Water, good Pasturage, and is well-timbered with large Oak, Pine and Poplar, whereon are three good Plantations, in good Order for Cropping; and the Manor Plantation is a very handsome Situation, with the following Conveniencies, *viz.* One Dwelling-house, 38 by 25, containing 4 Rooms and 4 Closets, with two Brick Chimneys, plaister'd and White-wash'd; also another Dwelling-house, 38 by 18, with a Stack of Chimnies in the Middle, two Rooms on a Floor, and a large Closet, plaistered and white-wash'd, a good Dairy, Meat-house, Smoak-house, Kitchen, Quarter, Spinning-house, with a Brick Chimney, one 40 and one 32 Feet Tobacco Houses, a large well-fix'd Store, with several other convenient Houses and Orchards; and on each of the other Plantations are two 32 Feet Tobacco Houses, an Overseer's House, and Negroe Quarters; likewise Orchards, and good Water.

21 *Thomas Eldridge.*

Just PUBLISH'D, and to be Sold at the Printing-Office,

THE Sinfulness and pernicious Nature of Gaming:

A SERMON, preached before the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, at *Williamsburg*, *March* 1, 1752. By *William Stith*, A. M. Rector of *Henrico* Parish. [*Published at the Request of the House of Burgesses.*]

TO be SOLD, at the *Printing-Office*, a great Variety of Bibles and Common Prayer Books, of different Sizes, neatly bound in *Turkey* and gilt.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM HUNTER, at the POST-OFFICE; by whom Persons may be supplied with this Paper. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Three Shillings the first Week, and Two Shillings each Week after.